

## TO BE RESCINDED

4730-2-04 **~~Provisional period of physician-delegated prescriptive authority.~~**

- (A) ~~Upon issuance of a provisional certificate to prescribe, the physician assistant is authorized to participate in a provisional period of physician-delegated prescriptive authority.~~
- (B) ~~The provisional period shall be conducted under the supervision of one or more supervising physicians with whom the physician assistant has a board-approved supervisory agreement.~~
- (1) ~~One supervising physician shall be designated as the primary supervising physician and shall have the primary responsibility for verifying the provisional period.~~
- (2) ~~The primary supervising physician shall, at all times during the provisional period, hold a certificate to practice medicine and surgery issued by the board pursuant to Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code that is not subject to restrictions, limitations, or probationary conditions and an unrestricted registration with the federal drug enforcement administration.~~
- (C) ~~The provisional period shall require a minimum of one thousand hours and a maximum of one thousand eight hundred hours, and last for at least six months but not longer than twelve months, except when a supervising physician has extended the provisional period for no longer than another twelve months.~~
- (1) ~~The first five hundred hours of the provisional period shall be under the on-site supervision, as that term is defined in rule 4730-1-01 of the Administrative Code, of one or more supervising physicians.~~
- (2) ~~The remaining hours of the provisional period may be conducted under off-site supervision, as that term is defined in rule 4730-1-01 of the Administrative Code, or the level of supervision specified by the supervising physician. With the consent of the supervising physician, physician assistants who have been granted physician delegated prescriptive authority in another jurisdiction may show proof of having met this requirement by providing an affidavit from their supervising physician licensed in that state that authorizes physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician assistants stating that the physician assistant has completed one thousand hours of supervised prescribing.~~
- (D) ~~During the course of the provisional period, each supervising physician who supervises the physician assistant in the exercise of physician-delegated prescriptive authority~~

~~shall review and evaluate the physician assistant's competence, knowledge, and skill in pharmacokinetic principles and the application of these principles to the physician assistant's area of practice. The review and evaluation shall be documented by the supervising physician's signing of patient charts in a legible manner. In lieu of signing the patient charts, the supervising physician may document the review and evaluation by the use of an electronically generated signature provided that reasonable measures have been taken to prevent the unauthorized use of the electronically generated signature.~~

~~(1) During the first five hundred hours of the provisional period, the review and evaluation shall be completed and documented on every chart by each supervising physician who provided supervision within a reasonable period of time after the physician assistant rendered service to a patient.~~

~~(2) During the remainder of the provisional period, the review and evaluation shall be completed and documented on at least fifty percent of the patient charts by each supervising physician who provided supervision within a reasonable period of time after the physician assistant rendered service to a patient.~~

~~(E) Provisional period hours completed under the supervision of a primary supervising physician may be transferred to a provisional period under a subsequent primary supervising physician pursuant to the following criteria:~~

~~(1) Provisional period hours completed under the supervision of a primary supervising physician may be transferred, not more than one time, when both of the following criteria are met:~~

~~(a) The initial primary supervising physician provides written verification of the activities and number of hours successfully completed during the provisional period by the physician assistant; and~~

~~(b) The subsequent primary supervising physician approves the transfer of the provisional period hours.~~

~~(2) Provisional period hours completed under the supervision of the subsequent primary supervising physician may be transferred to a provisional period under a third primary supervising physician only upon the board's approval when all of the following conditions are met:~~

~~(a) The subsequent primary supervising physician provides both of the following:~~

~~(i) Written verification of the activities and number of hours successfully completed during the provisional period to date; and~~

- ~~(ii) Written explanation of why the transfer of provisional period hours is being requested;~~
  - ~~(b) The third primary supervising physician approves the transfer of the provisional period hours;~~
  - ~~(c) The failure to transfer the hours would result in undue hardship to the physician assistant; and~~
  - ~~(d) The granting of the transfer would not jeopardize patient care.~~
- ~~(F) Successful completion of the provisional period requires that both of the following requirements be met:~~
- ~~(1) The physician assistant completed the provisional period in accordance with this rule; and~~
  - ~~(2) The primary supervising physician certifies to the board that the physician assistant is capable of consistently making prescriptive decisions in accordance with the minimal standards of care.~~
- ~~(G) The primary supervising physician shall notify the board, on forms prescribed by the board, of any of the following:~~
- ~~(1) That the physician assistant successfully completed the provisional period;~~
  - ~~(2) That the physician assistant's provisional period is being extended, including the number of additional hours and/or time period of the extension; or~~
  - ~~(3) That the physician assistant did not successfully complete the provisional period and the provisional period is not being extended.~~
- ~~(H) Upon receipt of notice from the primary supervising physician that the physician assistant did not successfully complete the provisional period, the board shall immediately revoke the provisional certificate to prescribe. The revocation of the provisional certificate to prescribe based upon notice that the provisional period was not successfully completed is not subject to hearing rights or appeal under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.~~
- ~~(I) A provisional certificate to prescribe shall be considered to be valid for up to one year after issuance, except that the provisional certificate may, upon the report of the primary supervising physician pursuant to paragraph (G)(2) of this rule, be extended in accordance with the number of additional hours and/or time period specified in the notice submitted by the supervising physician.~~

Effective:

Five Year Review (FYR) Dates: 8/20/2018

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Certification

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Date

Promulgated Under: 119.03  
Statutory Authority: 4730.07, 4730.39  
Rule Amplifies: 4730.45  
Prior Effective Dates: 10/31/2007

4730-2-04

**Period of on-site supervision of physician-delegated prescriptive authority.**

(A) The following definitions are applicable to this rule:

- (1) "Supervision" means the supervising physician maintains oversight of the physician assistant's prescriptive decisions and provides timely review of prescriptions written by the physician assistant.
- (2) "On-site supervision" means the supervising physician is required to be physically present within the facility where the physician assistant is practicing and available for consultation. The supervising physician is not necessarily required to personally evaluate a patient to whom a physician assistant is providing service.
- (3) "Supervising physician" includes a primary supervising physician in instances where the physician assistant has supervision agreements with multiple supervising physicians and one supervising physician is designated to have primary responsibility for the supervision of the physician assistant's prescribing activities during the on-site supervision period.

(B) Except as provided in division (B) of section 4730.44 of the Revised Code, the first five hundred hours of a physician assistant's exercise of physician-delegated prescriptive authority shall be under the on-site supervision of a supervising physician with whom the physician assistant has a supervision agreement.

(1) The supervising physician shall review and evaluate the physician assistant's competence, knowledge, and skill in pharmacokinetic principles and the application of these principles to the physician assistant's area of practice. The supervising physician shall document the review and evaluation by signing patient charts in a legible manner or documenting the review and evaluation by the use of an electronically generated signature provided that reasonable measures have been taken to prevent the unauthorized use of the electronically generated signature.

(2) The supervising physician shall maintain a record evidencing that the physician assistant has completed at least five hundred hours of on-site supervision and make the record available to the board upon request.

(C) On-site supervision period hours completed may be transferred to an on-site supervision period under a subsequent supervising physician pursuant to the following criteria:

- (1) Hours completed may be transferred, not more than one time, when both of the following criteria are met:
    - (a) The initial supervising physician provides written verification of the activities and number of hours successfully completed by the physician assistant during the period ; and
    - (b) The subsequent supervising physician approves the transfer of the period hours.
  - (2) Hours completed under the supervision of the subsequent supervising physician may be transferred to an on-site supervision period under a third supervising physician only upon the board's approval when all of the following conditions are met:
    - (a) The subsequent supervising physician provides both of the following:
      - (i) Written verification of the activities and number of hours successfully completed during the period to date; and
      - (ii) Written explanation of why the transfer of hours is being requested;
    - (b) The third supervising physician approves the transfer of the hours;
    - (c) The failure to transfer the hours would result in undue hardship to the physician assistant; and
    - (d) The granting of the transfer would not jeopardize patient care.
- (D) Where the exemption of division (B) of section 4730.44 of the Revised Code is claimed, the supervising physician shall maintain documentation establishing that the physician assistant practiced with prescriptive authority in the other jurisdiction for not less than one thousand hours. The documentation may include a letter from one or more physicians who supervised the physician assistant's prescribing in that jurisdiction verifying that the physician assistant practiced with prescriptive authority in that jurisdiction for not less than one thousand hours or a letter from an appropriate facility administrator verifying that the physician assistant practiced with prescriptive authority for not less than one thousand hours based upon documentation in the physician assistant's personnel file.

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## TO BE RESCINDED

4730-2-05 **~~Certificate to prescribe.~~**

~~(A) All applicants for a certificate to prescribe shall file a written application under oath in the manner provided in section 4730.44 of the Revised Code.~~

~~(B) No application shall be considered filed, and shall not be reviewed, until the fee required by section 4730.44 of the Revised Code has been received by the board.~~

~~(C) An application shall be considered complete when all of the following requirements are met:~~

~~(1) The fee required pursuant to section 4730.44 of the Revised Code has been received by the board;~~

~~(2) The records of the board establish that the applicant holds a current, valid certificate to practice as a physician assistant in Ohio;~~

~~(3) All information required by section 4730.44 of the Revised Code, including such other facts and materials as the board requires, has been received by the board;~~

~~(4) The board has received evidence satisfactory to the board of the applicant having successfully completed the provisional period of physician-delegated prescriptive authority required by section 4730.45 of the Revised Code; and~~

~~(5) The board is not conducting an investigation, pursuant to section 4730.26 of the Revised Code, of evidence appearing to show that the applicant has violated section 4730.25 of the Revised Code or applicable rules adopted by the board.~~

~~(D) Applications shall be processed according to the provisions of rule 4730-1-06 of the Administrative Code.~~

~~(E) A certificate to prescribe may be renewed in the manner and according to the standards sets forth in sections 4730.48 and 4730.49 of the Revised Code.~~

~~(1) The applicant shall submit a completed application, including the payment of the fee required by section 4730.48 of the Revised Code;~~

~~(2) The applicant shall certify that the applicant has completed the requisite hours of continuing education in pharmacology in compliance with the following requirements:~~

~~(a) The applicant completed twelve hours of continuing education in pharmacology during the licensure registration period, or, if the~~



~~certificate to prescribe was initially issued on or after the first day of the second year of the licensure registration period, at least six hours of continuing education in pharmacology; and~~

- ~~(b) The completed continuing education in pharmacology is category I CME as certified by the "Ohio Association of Physician Assistants," "Ohio State Medical Association," "Ohio Osteopathic Association," "Ohio Podiatric Medicine Association," or a CME provider accredited by the ACCME and approved by the board. Certification is a process whereby the "Ohio State Medical Association," "Ohio Osteopathic Association," "Ohio Podiatric Medical Association," "Ohio Association of Physician Assistants," and other ACCME accredited providers define their respective CME program requirements for periodic submission to the board for approval. The board may approve each association's CME program requirements which consist of CME category I course and activities that are deemed acceptable for completing the requisite hours of continuing education in pharmacology by each licensee.~~

~~(F) A certificate to prescribe shall lapse when the physician assistant's certificate to practice expires. A lapsed certificate to prescribe may be reinstated upon conformance with the following requirements:~~

- ~~(1) The certificate to practice has been reinstated or restored;~~
- ~~(2) The applicant submits a completed application to reinstate the certificate to prescribe, as prescribed by the board;~~
- ~~(3) The applicant certifies that the applicant completed continuing education in pharmacology meeting the requirements of paragraph (E) of this rule for each licensure registration period since the last renewal of the certificate to prescribe; and~~
- ~~(4) The applicant submits payment of the renewal fee required by section 4730.48 of the Revised Code.~~

~~(G) A certificate to prescribe shall expire if not renewed at the time the certificate to practice is renewed. Once expired, a certificate to prescribe may be reinstated upon evidence of all of the following:~~

- ~~(1) The applicant holds a current certificate to practice issued pursuant to section 4730.12 of the Revised Code;~~

- ~~(2) The applicant submits a completed application to reinstate the certificate to prescribe, as prescribed by the board, including the payment of the renewal fee required by section 4730.48 of the Revised Code; and~~
- ~~(3) The applicant certifies that the applicant completed continuing education in pharmacology meeting the requirements of paragraph (E) of this rule for each licensure registration period since the last renewal of the certificate to prescribe.~~

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4730-2-05**Addition of valid prescriber number after initial licensure.**

- (A) All applicants for a valid prescriber number subsequent to initial licensure shall submit an endorsement application in the manner determined by the board.
- (B) An endorsement application shall be considered complete when all of the following requirements are met:
- (1) The records of the board establish that the applicant holds a current, valid license to practice as a physician assistant in Ohio;
  - (2) All information required by division (E) of section 4730.11 of the Revised Code, including evidence of meeting the educational requirements or practice requirements, as applicable, has been received by the board;

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